WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A water resistant and ventilatory examining device for cloth, the examining device comprising:

a first container having two opposite open ends;

a second container having a closed end and an open end;

means for combining the first container and the second container; and

an air supply device in connection with the second container to supply air into the second container,

whereby after a cloth is sandwiched between the combining means and the first container, the first container is filled with water and the second container is supplied with air such that observation made to see if water seeps through the cloth and air passes through the cloth is able to test capabilities of the cloth.

2. The examining device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the combining means is a ring-like member and has an upper ring formed on a top periphery of the member and a lower ring formed on a bottom periphery of the member such that the upper ring and the bottom ring are able to respectively engage with a bottom periphery of the first container and a top periphery of the second container in a watertight manner.

3. The examining device as claimed in claim 2, wherein the upper ring has a first annular projection and the lower ring has a second annular projection to respectively engage with the bottom periphery of the first container and the top periphery of the second container in a watertight manner.

4. The examining device as claimed in claim 3, wherein the first container has a first groove defined in an outer periphery of the first container to receive therein the first annular projection and the second container has a second groove define in an outer periphery of the second container to receive therein the second annular projection.

5. The examining device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the air supply device includes an air bulb, a tube extending out of the air bulb and a nozzle formed on a free end of the tube to engage with an air hole defined in a side wall of the second container such that squeezing the air bulb is able to pump air into the second container.

6. The examining device as claimed in claim 2, wherein the air supply device includes an air bulb, a tube extending out of the air bulb and a nozzle formed on a free end of the tube to engage with an air hole defined in a side wall of the second container such that squeezing the air bulb is able to pump air into the second container.

7. The examining device as claimed in claim 3, wherein the air supply device includes an air bulb, a tube extending out of the air bulb and a nozzle formed on a free end of the tube to engage with an air hole defined in a side wall of the second container such that squeezing the air bulb is able to pump air into the second container.

8. The examining device as claimed in claim 4, wherein the air supply device includes an air bulb, a tube extending out of the air bulb and a nozzle formed on a free end of the tube to engage with an air hole defined in a side wall of the second container such that squeezing the air bulb is able to pump air into the second container.

9. The examining device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the combining means has a top ring formed on a top periphery of the first container and having multiple through holes defined through the top ring, a bottom ring formed on a bottom periphery of the second container and having multiple threaded holes corresponding to the through holes of the top ring, multiple threaded bolts extending through the through holes and screwingly into the threaded holes and nuts engaging with the threaded bolts to secure engagement between the first container and the second container.

10. The examining device as claimed in claim 2, wherein the combining means has a top ring formed on a top periphery of the first container and having multiple

through holes defined through the top ring, a bottom ring formed on a bottom periphery of the second container and having multiple threaded holes corresponding to the through holes of the top ring, multiple threaded bolts extending through the through holes and screwingly into the threaded holes and nuts engaging with the threaded bolts to secure engagement between the first container and the second container.

11. The examining device as claimed in claim 3, wherein the combining means has a top ring formed on a top periphery of the first container and having multiple through holes defined through the top ring, a bottom ring formed on a bottom periphery of the second container and having multiple threaded holes corresponding to the through holes of the top ring, multiple threaded bolts extending through the through holes and screwingly into the threaded holes and nuts engaging with the threaded bolts to secure engagement between the first container and the second container.

12. The examining device as claimed in claim 4, wherein the combining means has a top ring formed on a top periphery of the first container and having multiple through holes defined through the top ring, a bottom ring formed on a bottom periphery of the second container and having multiple threaded holes corresponding to the through holes of the top ring, multiple threaded bolts extending through the through holes and screwingly into the threaded holes and nuts engaging with the threaded bolts to secure engagement between the first container and the second container.

13. The examining device as claimed in claim 5, wherein the combining means has a top ring formed on a top periphery of the first container and having multiple through holes defined through the top ring, a bottom ring formed on a bottom periphery of the second container and having multiple threaded holes corresponding to the through holes of the top ring, multiple threaded bolts extending through the through holes and screwingly into the threaded holes and nuts engaging with the threaded bolts to secure

engagement between the first container and the second container.

14. The examining device as claimed in claim 6, wherein the combining means has a top ring formed on a top periphery of the first container and having multiple through holes defined through the top ring, a bottom ring formed on a bottom periphery of the second container and having multiple threaded holes corresponding to the through holes of the top ring, multiple threaded bolts extending through the through holes and screwingly into the threaded holes and nuts engaging with the threaded bolts to secure engagement between the first container and the second container.

15. The examining device as claimed in claim 7, wherein the combining means has a top ring formed on a top periphery of the first container and having multiple through holes defined through the top ring, a bottom ring formed on a bottom periphery of the second container and having multiple threaded holes corresponding to the through holes of the top ring, multiple threaded bolts extending through the through holes and screwingly into the threaded holes and nuts engaging with the threaded bolts to secure engagement between the first container and the second container.

16. The examining device as claimed in claim 8, wherein the combining means has a top ring formed on a top periphery of the first container and having multiple through holes defined through the top ring, a bottom ring formed on a bottom periphery of the second container and having multiple threaded holes corresponding to the through holes of the top ring, multiple threaded bolts extending through the through holes and screwingly into the threaded holes and nuts engaging with the threaded bolts to secure engagement between the first container and the second container.